







Sun Space Winter Garden Conservatory

B12 Conservatories Source of free heat, overheating, a drain on energy or all of the above?

This Presentation on GBE:

- Find this file on GBE website at:
- <u>https://GreenBuildingEcyclopaedia.uk/?P=294</u>



HHP Hockerton Housing Project, Newark, Nottinghamshire

Green Houses & Conservatories: Summer Ventilation

- Glass permit the passage of the rays from the sun to warm the interior
- This can be:
 - trapped in winter by closing windows
 - released in summer by ventilation
- Victorians understood the need for opening vents low in the walls and high in the roofs to release the heat in the summer, high enough to exploit the stack effect, catch any breeze and ensure heads do not cook.
- Most PVC conservatories only have windows in the sides, a real problem
 - New offering is to have opaque roof replace the existing glazing

Green Houses & Conservatories: Winter Solar gains

- Glass permit the passage of the rays from the sun to warm the interior
- Close all opening vents, doors and windows capture the heat
- This can be exploited in winter
 - Grow plants that would otherwise perish
 - Dry clothing
 - Indoor workspace/living room/playroom

Green Houses and Conservatories: Exploiting heat

- Thermal mass is where the construction materials are usually dense, close to the surface have large surface area, can absorb and store heat, insulated from the ground
- Conservatories can capture heat in sunny but cold weather
- Intelligent use of thermal mass in floors and rear walls can exploit the captured heat by storing it and saving it until the sun has disappeared and release it to warm the occupants of the conservatory.

Hockerton & BedZED

- Conservatories are double glazed and Low Emissivity coated to allow the heat in, prevent it escaping and trap the heat for use
- Doors and windows from conservatory to house are triple glazed Low E for the same reason
- The doors and windows are closed not letting any heat from building out into conservatory
- Until the conservatory is hot enough then windows and doors are opened to let a burst of heat into the building to heat up the fabric











Hockerton HHP

Conservatories

Zero Energy Development



Reduce demand for artificial light and heating: **Outdoor living** Conservatory life Sunny warm cave to retreat into from the cold of night

Hockerton Newark Nottinghamshire



Low level windows and doors **HL** roof light Ventilation for summer No heating Solar gain **Exposed** thermal mass Windows and **Doors to house**

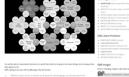


Hot house in the middle of winter on sunny days Wind free work place all year round **Clothes drying No-underfloor** heating (radiant heat) **Wood stove**

Lean-to Conservatories: warm the house

- Once a conservatory attached to a building is warmed
- it can than be used to heat the interior of the attached building by opening doors and windows between them to let the heat into the building
- The building's thermal mass can be warned and heat stored for release into the building later after the sun has gone





Green



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BedZED

Sun Spaces

Zero (Fossil Fuel) Energy Development



BedZED Beddington Sutton Architect: Dr Bill Dunster

South elevation 100% glazed Concrete Floors between flats act

s solar shading



Sunroom on South face captures the sun



Heavy building elements store the heat and release it later



Profile: to ensure sun penetration over roofs reaches sill of office space windows Sun rooms on south side **Thermally massive** floors walls and roofs store heat until required











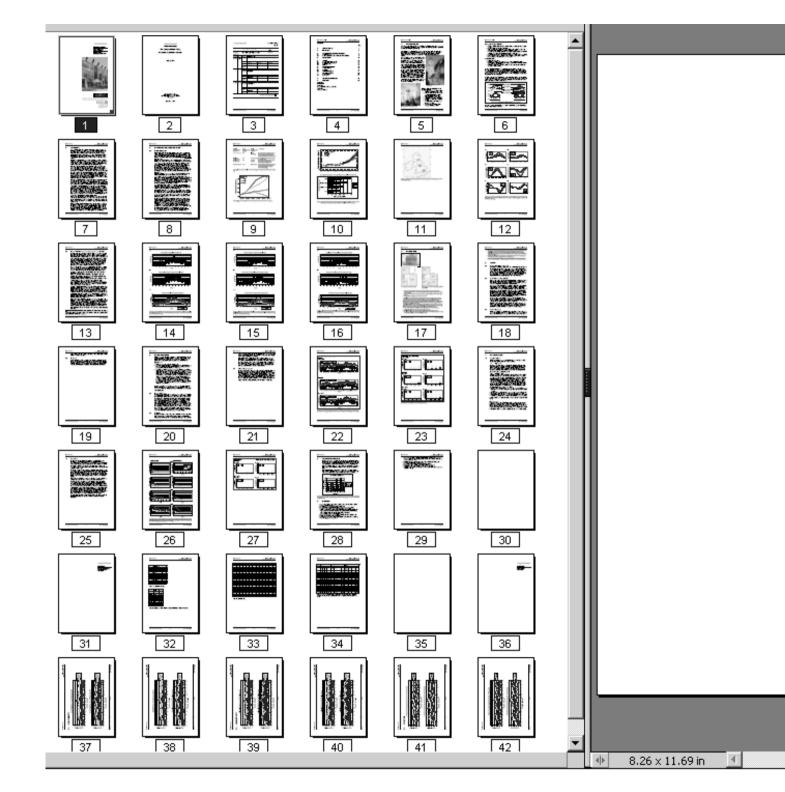


Thermal Mass

Ventilation, warmth and coolth

Heat movement in buildings

- ARUP/B Dunster Report on need for Thermal mass in buildings to cope with climate change global warming
- Recommend internal doors are self closing to hold heat energy where it is created or collected
- All partitions to be insulated
- Then actively move heat wherever you may want it or leave it where it is



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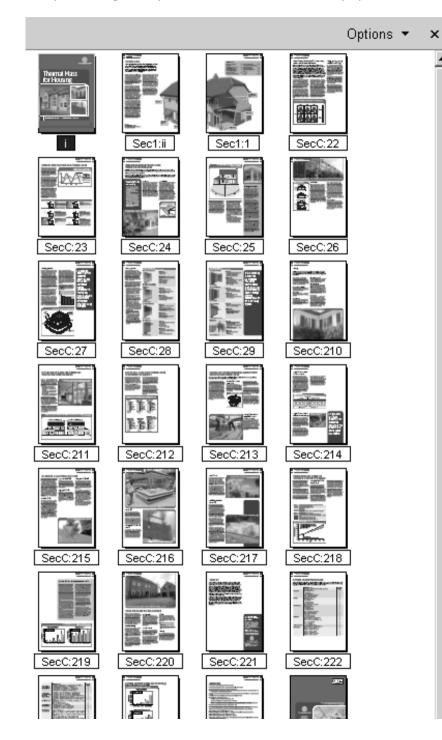
ArupResearch+Development

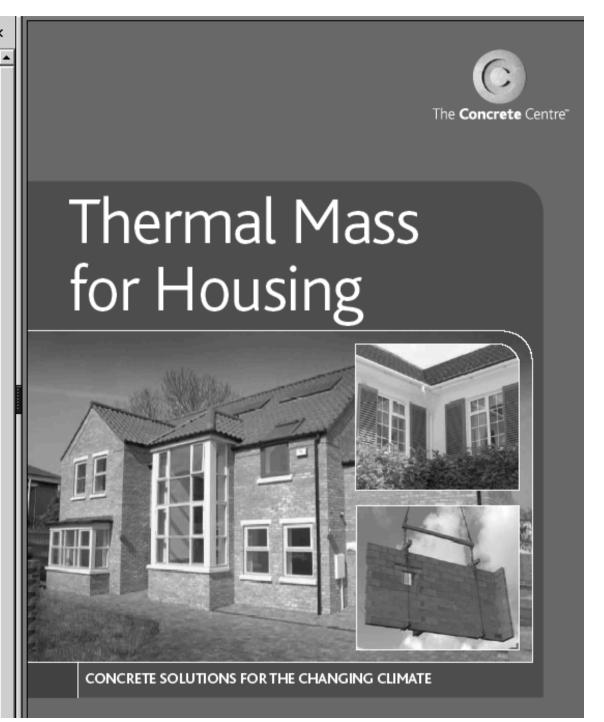


Feilden Clegg Bradley Architects LLP

RIBA ₩¥ ARUP

http://www.greenspec.co.uk/documents/whitepapers/MB_Thermal%20Mass%20for%20Housing.pdf#search='passive%20ventilation'





Exploiting thermal mass

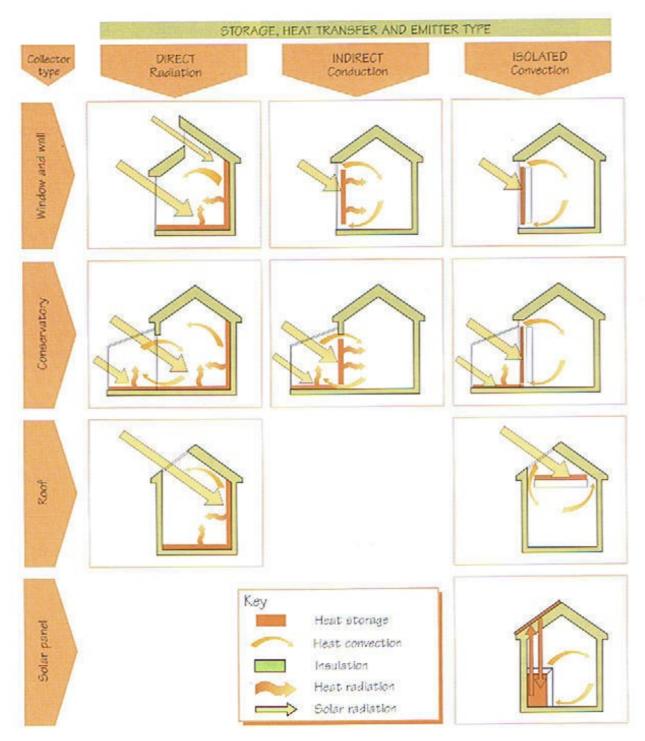
- If the building has high thermal mass and its surfaces are exposed
- they can be exploited in both heating and cooling
- In winter the mass can be heated in the day the heat stored for exploitation in the night
- In summer the mass can be cooled in the night and exploited in the day

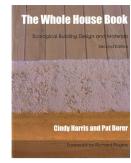




Thermal mass

- Large surface areas are best
- Thickness closest to surface is used in daily cycles,
- Full thicknesses and more used over annual cycles
- Higher density material is best ۲
- Exposed to the space not hidden above ceilings or below floors
- Exposed to the sun's rays is good
- Embedded pipes can be exploited to move warmth and coolth around building or into storage







Sunroom on South face captures the sun



Heavy building elements store the heat and release it later











Gallions HA

Conservatories

Gallions Housing Association: Tenants would not choose the conservatory but now they have it <u>would not give it up</u>













Conservatories Gone Wrong

In the real world

Conservatories gone wrong

- Heated Conservatories (why not Solar?)
- Radiant Heated Conservatories (under floor heating) radiates upwards to warm objects
- If there is nothing to hit, the heat goes up and out the glass roof
- Electrically Heated Conservatories (+++CO₂)
- Conservatories open to remainder of building (Heat gain or heat loss)
- Conservatories without ventilation (overheating)

90% UK conservatories heated

- Underfloor Radiant heating
- In terms of fuel use they are like a gushing tap over a gulley
- Significant number have no doors or windows to separate from the rest of the house
- Despite the Building Regulations
 - Winter: Heat loss from house
 - Summer: Heat gain to house
- No hope then

Conservatory Gone Wrong

- No boundary between conservatory and accommodation beyond
- No thermal mass wall or floor to hold the heat
- No entry or exit ventilation in glazed roof
- No Solar shading (externally is best)
- Tenant fitted Air Conditioning











Swaffham Wind Turbine Visitors Centre

Conservatory design gone wrong



South facing lean-to solar heat gain **External shading** helps No ventilation **Thermal mass** flooring on show between furniture

No thermal mass in back wall plasterboard partitions No ventilation **Tenant fitted** Airconditioning













1NTEGER @ BRE Intelligent & green

Not very intelligent Conservatory: Secure all-weather garden single glazed and double to house but open at top floor Some solar shading, some planting

1NTEGER house conservatory at **BRE** is not all that it could be Single glazed No thermal mass back wall, open to living accommodation on top floor. **Just sheltered** outdoor space





Opening vents in side walls of conservatory but only half way up the height of the conservatory



Thermostat control piston actuated vents Thermostat at high level? Vents at mid level



Doors: provide low level ventilation Windows: none at top Internal solar shading: internal radiant heating & thermal stress in glass



Solar Thermal ET for Hot Water Roof window & minimal PV



Internal Solar shading generates heat in conservatory air Timber weatherboarding no thermal mass on rear wall **Concrete or stone** paving some thermal mass on floor



Top floor open to hottest part of conservatory



Internal solar shading: catches solar radiation heats up and re-radiates heat inwards. Energy efficient light fittings?





Bedrooms face South & open onto the warm conservatory, no escape









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Feedback

- These files are created by generalists with a big dollop of green flavour
- These files are updated from time to time
- We are not experts so from time to time these file may get out of date or may be wrong.
- If you feel that we have got it wrong please let us know so we can put it right









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